Guideline

**Artificial iris insertion for acquired aniridia.**
National Institute for Health and Care Excellence (NICE); 2020.
[https://www.nice.org.uk/guidance/ipg674](https://www.nice.org.uk/guidance/ipg674)

[Evidence on the safety and efficacy of artificial iris implant insertion for acquired aniridia is limited in quantity and quality. Therefore, this procedure should only be used with special arrangements for clinical governance, consent, and audit or research. The procedure should only be done by ophthalmic surgeons with appropriate experience and training.]

Freely available online

**Artificial iris insertion for congenital aniridia.**
National Institute for Health and Care Excellence (NICE); 2020.
[https://www.nice.org.uk/guidance/ipg675](https://www.nice.org.uk/guidance/ipg675)

[Evidence on the safety and efficacy of artificial iris implant insertion for congenital aniridia is inadequate in quantity and quality. Therefore, this procedure should only be used in the context of research. Research could include the use of observational data from cohort studies or high-quality case series. Studies should report details of patient selection and the type of implant used. Outcomes should include quality of life and other patient-reported outcomes.]

Freely available online

**Ranibizumab for treating diabetic retinopathy (terminated appraisal).**
National Institute for Health and Care Excellence (NICE); 2020.
[https://www.nice.org.uk/guidance/ta637](https://www.nice.org.uk/guidance/ta637)

[NICE is unable to make a recommendation about the use in the NHS of ranibizumab (Lucentis) for treating diabetic retinopathy because Novartis did not provide an evidence submission. We will review this decision if the company decides to make a submission.]

Freely available online

**Workforce risk assessment for primary eye care practices in England.**
College of Optometrists; 2020.

[The College, in collaboration with FODO, ABDO and AOP, has developed a COVID-19 workforce risk assessment for primary eye care practices in England. This workforce risk assessment provides employers and employees in England with background, guidance and a template that enable them to take a consistent approach to individual risk assessments. It can also be used by self-employed optometrists to complete a self-assessment.]

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This Bulletin was created by Liz Wright of NHS East Dorset Knowledge and Library Service

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